

# DASP Interaction Vocabulary

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**Authors:**

Bojan Suzic, ([Graz University of Technology](#))

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## Abstract

This document proposes a vocabulary for modeling web service interactions, including the requests, responses and contextual properties. It serves as one of the building blocks of DASP framework, whose primary goal is achieving fine-grained cross-domain security management for heterogenous environments and intelligent agents.

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## 1. Introduction

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Simplicity, clarity of the structure and its relationship with underlying standards and technologies are some of the factors that allowed RESTful architectural style to become broadly adopted approach in exposing web services. Nowadays, significant amount of the service-based intra and inter-domain interactions rely on Web APIs. There is a range of existing approaches to describe (traditional) web services or more recent REST APIs using syntactic or semantic descriptions. Many of them, however, do not deal with other aspects of client-service interaction, such as requests, responses, as well as parameters and contextual properties that characterize these interactions. DASP Interaction is a vocabulary that aims to fill that gap by providing a structured way to model and express interactions in diverse environments based on Web API integrations.

## 1.1. Namespace declarations

[Table 1](#): Namespaces used in the document

<b>ns</b>	<http://creativecommons.org/ns#>
<b>owl</b>	<http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
<b>xsd</b>	<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
<b>rdfs</b>	<http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
<b>o</b>	<http://www.daspsec.org/o/>
<b>dasp-core</b>	<http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-core/>
<b>rdf</b>	<http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
<b>terms</b>	<http://purl.org/dc/terms/>
<b>lear</b>	<http://www.daspsec.org/o/lear/>
<b>files</b>	<https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/sites/default/files/ckeditor_files/files/>
<b>vann</b>	<http://purl.org/vocab/vann/>
<b>dasp-interaction</b>	<http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#>
<b>dc</b>	<http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/>

## 2. DASP Interaction Vocabulary: Overview

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This ontology has the following classes and properties.

### Classes

[Access Client](#) [Context](#) [Element Restriction](#) [Extrinsic Context](#) [Intrinsic Context](#) [Request](#)  
[Resource Restriction](#) [Response](#) [Time](#)

### Object Properties

[activatesIntent](#) [hasContext](#) [hasMethod](#) [hasParameter](#) [includes](#)

## 3. DASP Interaction Vocabulary: Description

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DASP Interaction vocabulary is a part of a broader initiative implemented under Data Sharing and Processing Framework (DASP). The goal of this initiative is to address the challenge of cross-domain security automation and resource management for various contexts. Its aim is to provide a reference model and supporting components for the purpose of unified, collaborative and multi-organizational security management.

DASP consists of a conceptual framework, architectural and interaction models. These entities are complemented with semantic vocabularies, supporting tools and validation models that allow implementation and integration of the framework. DASP Interaction is one of these accompanying vocabularies that seamlessly integrate with DASP and its tooling stack.

In this vocabulary we introduce three main concepts (classes): Context, Request and Response. These are used to describe a client request or a service response in client-server interactions that get intercepted, evaluated, redacted and transformed in the scope of security-related activities. Using specified object properties, the concepts from this vocabulary can be related to the concepts from other vocabularies to provide a detailed picture of interactions. For instance, the description of client credentials can be performed by referencing external vocabularies, such as OAuth-2.0 vocabulary from the same framework.

## 4. Cross reference for DASP Interaction Vocabulary classes, properties and dataproperties [back to ToC](#)

This section provides details for each class and property defined by DASP Interaction Vocabulary.

### 4.1. Classes

<a href="#">Access Client</a> <a href="#">Context</a> <a href="#">Element Restriction</a> <a href="#">Extrinsic Context</a> <a href="#">Intrinsic Context</a> <a href="#">Request</a> <a href="#">Resource Restriction</a> <a href="#">Response</a> <a href="#">Time</a>
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <span><b>Access Client</b><sup>c</sup></span> <span><a href="#">back to ToC</a> or <a href="#">Class ToC</a></span> </div> <hr/> <p><b>IRI:</b> <a href="http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#AccessClient">http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#AccessClient</a></p> <p>Represents a client or agent that initiates access to some resource or service.</p> <hr/> <p><b>has super-classes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Extrinsic Context</a><sup>c</sup></li> </ul>
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <span><b>Context</b><sup>c</sup></span> <span><a href="#">back to ToC</a> or <a href="#">Class ToC</a></span> </div> <hr/> <p><b>IRI:</b> <a href="http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#Context">http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#Context</a></p> <p>Represents a particular situation. Context is typically used to express conditions or facts present in the system. It can refer to <i>intrinsic</i> context, which relates to the conditions that describe internal system states, or to <i>extrinsic</i> context, which deals with the conditions provided by the factors external to the system.</p> <hr/> <p><b>is equivalent to</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">context</a><sup>c</sup></li> </ul> <p><b>has super-classes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">thing</a><sup>c</sup></li> </ul> <p><b>has sub-classes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Extrinsic Context</a><sup>c</sup>, <a href="#">Intrinsic Context</a><sup>c</sup></li> </ul> <p><b>is in domain of</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">includes</a><sup>op</sup></li> </ul> <p><b>is in range of</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">hasContext</a><sup>op</sup></li> </ul>
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <span><b>Element Restriction</b><sup>c</sup></span> <span><a href="#">back to ToC</a> or <a href="#">Class ToC</a></span> </div> <hr/> <p><b>IRI:</b> <a href="http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#ElementRestriction">http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#ElementRestriction</a></p> <p>Restricts the contextual condition to an element that may be exposed by the <i>Resource</i> directly or through its originating <i>Action</i>.</p> <hr/> <p><b>has super-classes</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><a href="#">Intrinsic Context</a><sup>c</sup></li> </ul>

## Extrinsic Context<sup>c</sup>

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**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#ExtrinsicContext>

Represents a particular situation in environment, system or other externally retrievable representation of situation

**has super-classes**

[Context](#)<sup>c</sup>

**has sub-classes**

[Access Client](#)<sup>c</sup>, [Time](#)<sup>c</sup>

## Intrinsic Context<sup>c</sup>

[back to ToC](#) or [Class ToC](#)

**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#IntrinsicContext>

Represents a particular situation present in the request, action, response or a target resource

**has super-classes**

[Context](#)<sup>c</sup>

**has sub-classes**

[Element Restriction](#)<sup>c</sup>, [Resource Restriction](#)<sup>c</sup>

## Request<sup>c</sup>

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**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#Request>

Represents a request issued to the service.

**has super-classes**

[thing](#)<sup>c</sup>

**is in domain of**

[activatesIntent](#)<sup>op</sup>, [hasMethod](#)<sup>op</sup>

## Resource Restriction<sup>c</sup>

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**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#ResourceRestriction>

Restricts the contextual condition to a *Resource* that is dealt by in the interaction.

**has super-classes**

[Intrinsic Context](#)<sup>c</sup>

## Response<sup>c</sup>

[back to ToC](#) or [Class ToC](#)

**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#Response>

Represents a response issued from the service.

**is equivalent to**

[hasParameter](#)<sup>op</sup> **some** [response parameter](#)<sup>c</sup>

**has super-classes**

[thing](#)<sup>c</sup>

## Time<sup>c</sup>

[back to ToC or Class ToC](#)

**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#Time>

A time extent that refers to the particular moment or a time range.

**has super-classes**

[Extrinsic Context](#)<sup>c</sup>

## 4.2. Object Properties

[activatesIntent](#)   [hasContext](#)   [hasMethod](#)   [hasParameter](#)   [includes](#)

### activatesIntent<sup>OP</sup>

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**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#activatesIntent>

Specifies the *intent* or an *action* activated by the *request*. The action is activated when the request targets a particular endpoint using an HTTP method that are both used to describe an action.

**has super-properties**

top object property

**has domain**

[Request](#)<sup>c</sup>

**has range**

action<sup>c</sup>

### hasContext<sup>OP</sup>

[back to ToC or Object Property ToC](#)

**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#hasContext>

Specifies a context provided by the *request* or a *response*. Typically context refers to the elements that describe client or environmental properties present at the time of the request or response interception.

**has super-properties**

top object property

**has domain**

[Request](#)<sup>c</sup> or [Response](#)<sup>c</sup>

**has range**

[Context](#)<sup>c</sup>

### hasMethod<sup>OP</sup>

[back to ToC or Object Property ToC](#)

**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#hasMethod>

Specifies that request uses a particular HTTP method to access the resource.

**has super-properties**

top object property

**has domain**

[Request](#)<sup>c</sup>

**has range**

access method<sup>c</sup>

## hasParameter<sup>op</sup>

[back to ToC](#) or [Object Property ToC](#)

**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#hasParameter>

Specifies a parameter that is included along with the request or a response.

**has super-properties**  
top object property

**has domain**  
[Request](#)<sup>c</sup> or [Response](#)<sup>c</sup>

**has range**  
parameter<sup>c</sup>

## includes<sup>op</sup>

[back to ToC](#) or [Object Property ToC](#)

**IRI:** <http://www.daspsec.org/o/dasp-interaction#includes>

Establishes relationship between the contexts on different abstraction levels.

**has super-properties**  
top object property

**has domain**  
[Context](#)<sup>c</sup>

**has range**  
[Extrinsic Context](#)<sup>c</sup> or [Intrinsic Context](#)<sup>c</sup>

## Legend

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<sup>c</sup>: Classes  
<sup>op</sup>: Object Properties  
<sup>dp</sup>: Data Properties  
<sup>ni</sup>: Named Individuals

## 5. References

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**[XACML]** eXtensible Access Control Markup Language (XACML) Version 3.0. OASIS standard, OASIS (2013).

URL: <http://docs.oasis-open.org/xacml/3.0/xacml-3.0-core-spec-os-en.html>

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**[REST14]** RESTful or RESTless – Current state of todays top Web APIs. Frederik Bülthoff and Maria Maleshkova. In European Semantic Web Conference. Springer (2014)

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